



TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 23, 1907.

MANY PEOPLE of diverse tastes and passions from the inhabitants of the world. The large majority suffer from this or that distemper, some of which are benign and others malignant. The murder of Dr. Townsend on Staten Island a few nights ago was superinduced by one of the latter. It is now generally believed that the unfortunate physician was the victim of a street car conductor named Bell whose wife had died in a hospital after having been treated by Dr. Townsend. The young husband, like many other people, strangely attributed the death of his wife to the doctor who had no doubt resorted to every known means to save the young woman's life. Bell brooded over her demise and blinding himself to a law of nature which is continually cutting down old and young alike, was determined to lay the blame for the death of his better half at the door of some person, and the physician who attended her in her last illness was selected as his victim. The tragedy is suggestive, often, too often, when members of a household pay the debt of nature weak human beings cast about in their minds to find some one upon whom to place the blame. They are apt to imagine neighbor's children have introduced diseases which brought about death, or that the physician failed to use all his skill at the proper time. It is unfortunate that such people do not exercise more masculine minds.

J. J. Hill, E. H. Harriman and the republican policy of protection are assailed in the minority report against the Litterer compromise ship subsidy bill, which was filed in the House yesterday by Mr. Spigler, of Mississippi, and bears the signatures of five democratic members of the House committee on merchant marine and fisheries. The report discusses the two lines which it is proposed to subsidize between the Pacific coast and the Orient, saying:

But when it is recalled that at Seattle, north of Cape Mendocino, is the existing steamship line owned by J. J. Hill, and south of it at San Francisco is the Harriman line, the Pacific Mail, we may begin to suspect that there is a "nigger in the wood pile." Who are J. J. Hill and E. H. Harriman? The former is the great railway magnate of Northern Securities notoriety, who tried to merge vast interests in violation of the law, and was only prevented by proceedings in court. Harriman is another leader of corporate wealth who controls more railway trackage than any other man in the world. It is hard to guess who, under this bill, would pocket \$1,400,000 of the people's money?

This report, it would seem, contains more than a suggestion of graft and the democrats of the House should do all in their power to defeat the ship subsidy bill.

A SPEECH from Belgrade, Servia, says the conspirators against King Peter have completed their plans for his removal, which will be accomplished by a military coup d'etat. No bloodshed it is said will be permitted to increase the disgrace which Servia still bears for the murder of King Alexander and Queen Draga. Although military force will be used passively, the king and his family will be quietly conveyed to the frontier and expelled from Servian soil. At the time appointed, the palace will be surrounded by soldiers to ensure the safe and peaceable accomplishment of the deposition. King Peter and his family, once one of the country, the overtures which the plotters have already commenced to obtain a foreign prince for the throne will enter a decisive stage. Peter's accession to the Servian throne was through one of the bloodiest deeds committed in modern times and his speedy overthrow was predicted when he became king. His assassination has been looked for since he ascended the throne on the principle that they that take the sword shall perish by the sword.

THE DELAWARE is wedded to its whipping post, the subject of many years of agitation, was evidenced in the legislative yesterday, when the Senate bill providing for the post's abolition was reported unfavorably. It is not so likely that the bill will be heard of again at this session. All previous efforts to cut the post out of the State's criminal laws have proven futile. Delaware knows a good thing when she sees it and it would be a sad and expensive day for her to abolish a law which is the greatest deterrent of crime she has on her statute books.

PRESIDENT ELIOT, of Harvard, speaking to a meeting of Congressional ministers, at Boston, opposed everything that stands for finality in religion. He said there was an irresistible tendency towards the belief that truth cannot be fixed. If in all the range of philosophy and science no one believes that the end has been reached, why should the theologian imagine he has reached the end of theology? President Eliot's query is pertinent. Theology presents as vast a field for study as astronomy.

SENATOR HALL's remark in the Senate today that Congress is behind with the session's work should be heeded in both branches. But with adjournment less than five weeks away there is probably little chance for other than routine legislation and this has been the plans of the leaders all the time. The 59th Congress made a record for legislative activity at its first session. This year it has been making time and showing evidences of being willing to "stand pat" on past achievements.

From Washington

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, Jan. 22. It is the opinion of Congressmen the arrangement of the Standard Oil Company in the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission just made public, severe as it is, is merely cumulative in its effect. The report of Commissioner of Corporations Garfield early in December contained some of the charges now filed and prepared the public mind for the present disclosure. It was his knowledge of the monopoly held by the Standard in New England that induced Senator Lodge to offer his amendment to the rate bill making pipe lines common carriers and conferring upon the Interstate Commerce Commission the right to prescribe just and reasonable rates, regulations and practices. That is now the law and it is up to the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce it. Practically the only remedy suggested by the commission to uproot existing wrongs and prevent others is that the government shall fix in the first instance the rates and regulations for the transportation of oil. This would require additional legislation and in the present situation in Congress, with only thirty more legislative days before the session comes to an end, it would seem to be impossible to expect the passage of any law on the subject at this time.

The Comptroller of the Currency today issued a call for reports on the condition of national banks at the close of business on Saturday, January 20.

So far as can be learned today the Pope has not demanded of the American government the resignation of either of the secretaries of the American embassy in Rome, on account of an alleged general melee that occurred at an orgy given by about thirty secretaries and other attaches of "all the embassies and legations" in Rome. The State department not only has not heard from the Italian government but it has no information of the alleged orgy or that any of the American representatives were present. Henry White, American ambassador to Italy, will soon assume his new duties as ambassador to France and be succeeded by Lord C. Grey, lately ambassador to Brazil. The first secretary of the American Embassy there is R. S. Keyndall Hitt, born in Paris, of American parents, and appointed from Illinois, the second secretary is Leonard M. Thomas, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Frank A. Edwards, of Pennsylvania, is the military attaché, while Lieutenant Commander William L. Howard, of New York is the naval attaché. According to the cable dispatches, the young diplomats were entertaining a number of ball girls, one of whom struck with a bottle and perhaps fatally injured the secretary of the Spanish embassy because he threw salt in her eye.

Senator Enrique Creel, the new ambassador from Mexico to the United States, arrived in the city at 12:30 o'clock today from Chicago. He was accompanied by Mrs. Creel, Senator Salado Alvarez, a new second secretary of embassy, M. J. Davila, Mexico's first military attaché to the Washington embassy, and the ambassador's private secretary and suite. The ambassador was welcomed at the station by Senator Godoy, minister to Cuba, who arrived last week to be charged d'affaires till Mr. Creel's arrival; by Senator Dabney, first secretary, who has been charged d'affaires since the departure of Senator Cassius, the retiring ambassador, last June, and by other members of the embassy staff. It is expected that immediately upon his official presentation to the President and the Secretary of State the embassy will begin to shine with social brilliancy. Senator Creel's wealth, which lies in nearly all the big mining and financial enterprises of the republic of Mexico, reaches far into millions, he having been known as "the Rockefeller of Mexico." He is a native of Kentucky and began his career as a mining adventurer. It was stated at the embassy today that Senator Godoy, notwithstanding his special mission here, remains the Mexican minister to Cuba. He will remain here some time as counselor of embassy, to make the ambassador familiar with American affairs. Senator Godoy having until last spring been first secretary of embassy here for several years.

The great demand throughout the country for an increased supply of currency notes of small denominations was brought to the attention of the Senate committee on finance today by United States Treasurer Treat and other treasury experts. They argued in favor of the issuance of gold certificates in denominations of \$5 and \$10. The present law prohibits such issue of less than \$20. They also favored the retirement, in case their other recommendations become effective, of a part of the silver notes of those values and their replacement by \$1 and \$2 notes. No action was taken by the committee.

Senator Morgan today submitted to the Senate committee on intercommerce a proposition for the reorganization of the Isthmian canal commission. His plan, which was on the form of a tentative bill, provides for the appointment of the chief engineer as the head of the new commission with the title of director general. His assistants, to be the other members of the commission, are, according to the Morgan proposition, to be the heads of the several important departments on the Isthmus. The new commission is to hold six meetings annually on the Isthmus. The administration bill which is being prepared by Senators Knox and Hopkins has not yet been completed.

Since the passage of the pure food bill farmers in Virginia and Maryland shipping meats and country produce into this city have experienced considerable difficulty in complying with the law, though they have no intention of violating its provisions. Mr. J. G. Hiden, secretary to Mr. Nixon, says if these farmers will write to him at No. 909 Sixteenth street N. W., he will procure for them the necessary tags etc., which they can attach to their shipments and which will save them much trouble. It is reported here that the bill to

regulate the sale of milk in Washington has behind it a lobby backed by the New York Milk Dealers Association, the object of which is to prevent the sale here of milk sent from Virginia and Maryland. When this milk is excluded then the New Yorkers will ship here and raise the price of the lactical fluid.

Mr. Hay, of the Seventh Virginia district, has introduced a bill in the House for the relief of the trustees of the Macedonia Church, in Frederick county.

At a joint meeting today of the House committee on pension and invalid pensions, the McCumber services pension bill was unanimously reported to the House. The bill gives \$12 a month to every Mexican and civil war veteran over 62; \$15 over 65 years and \$20 over 70 years.

Col. Johnson V. D. Middleton, U. S. A. retired, died this morning at his residence at Florence Court, this city. He was born in the District of Columbia and appointed from this city as an assistant surgeon in the army, Aug. 5, 1861.

The President sent to the Senate today the nomination of Oscar L. James to be post-master at Abingdon, Virginia.

David W. Post, the purchasing agent of the Isthmian Canal Commission has resigned to take effect March 1. He will go with his family to New York City, where he will be employed by the Metropolitan Interborough Traction Company of New York, of which Mr. Post has just been elected president. Mr. Post is drawing a salary of \$10,000 a year from the Canal Commission.

The trial of Mrs. Jennie L. May, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon on Leavin Conner, member of the Marine Band, who died from the effects of a pistol shot, was begun in the Criminal Court before Justice Stafford this morning.

Mr. Sims (dem. Tenn.) today was denied a hearing by the House committee on military affairs in support of his resolution giving the President the command of Congress for the Brownsville affair. Mr. Sims was told that his resolution was before a sub-committee. He will be heard by the sub-committee on Friday.

News of the Day

Wilbur Glen Voliva is to found a new Zion City in southern California or Texas.

The famous Carlsbad Springs are threatened by mining operations in the neighborhood.

The democratic minority of the House committee has filed an adverse report on the Litterer ship subsidy bill.

From 150 to 200 persons have been killed, it is believed, by the explosion of ice dump yesterday in a Prussian colliery.

President Roosevelt yesterday took action which may result in the re-enlistment of some of the negro troops dismissed following the Brownsville riot.

A jury is being impaneled to try Dr. James W. Simpson, of Long Island, charged with shooting and killing his wealthy father-in-law, Bailey Horner.

Senator Rayner gave notice yesterday that he will address the Senate Thursday on the subject of executive usurpation, as embodied in his resolution last December.

Unable to pay her board at one of Portland's (Me.) largest hotels, where she has been staying several weeks, and having exhausted her means of obtaining money by public readings, Mrs. Jessie Steele, 39 years of age, a daughter of Bret Harte, the author, is now an inmate of Portland's municipal poorhouse.

The Senate yesterday adopted a resolution calling on the Interstate Commerce Commission for the facts with reference to the employment of Charles S. Hanks, and the results of his work. The House passed twenty District of Columbia bills and authorized the sale of certain government stores at cost price to save starving cattle in Wyoming.

While Mrs. Joseph Knuckles was going to a well yesterday, a short distance from her home, at Spring Hill, near Charleston, W. Va., her house caught fire and her two children, aged three years and one year, were burned to death. Mrs. Knuckles had locked the door when she went after the water, and so rapidly did the fire spread that it was impossible to save the children.

A loss roughly estimated at three-quarters of a million dollars resulted from a fire which started just before midnight last night and burned out the garage of the New York Transportation Company, at Eighth avenue and west Forty-third street, New York. A charging plant for electric vehicles recently installed at great cost by the owners of the garage was badly damaged, if not ruined, and 100 automobiles owned by private parties were rendered worthless.

The car shortage in the West is causing a famine in ice which promises to have a serious effect over a large section of country next summer. On the Mississippi river, between Lacrosse and Lake Peoria, millions of tons of ice are harvested each winter to supply half a dozen northwestern and middle States. This year dealers are unable to get cars, and as there are not sufficient storage facilities on the ground, the harvesting of ice for shipment has stopped. Dealers at Lacrosse and other Mississippi points predict that this will mean an ice famine of serious consequences next summer.

Gentlemen of a sportive turn in New York are offering to bet even that the Thaw case will never reach the jury, and that before it reaches the Salome stage it will be turned over to a commission in lunacy, as was done in the case of the negro murderer of the late Andrew H. Green, the father of Greater New York. Briefly, it is the opinion of many men about town that the possibilities in the case of scoundrel resident in the Thaw case are so great that the public welfare, as well as the ends of justice, would be better served by permitting a commission of experts to decide the question of Thaw's responsibility for the murder of White before any jury is permitted to decide questions of fact as to the killing.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces, such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"I had tried everything for my baby until Dr. Lyle recommended Cascarets. I can truthfully say it is the best medicine I ever used for babies."—Nann E. Taylor, Bedford, Va. Cascarets is sold by W. F. Creighton & Co., 401 King street.

The Market. Georgetown, Jan. 22.—Wheat 60¢, 61¢.

Virginia News

The alleged baggage thief held in New York and wanted in Richmond will make a vigorous fight against extradition.

A Council of Catholic Knights of Columbus was organized in Petersburg Sunday afternoon by Deputy State Organizer Dr. E. A. Gorman, of Alexandria. Dr. J. M. Burke was elected Grand Knight.

While hunting yesterday afternoon, Geo. H. Dishner, a farmer, residing four miles west of Bristol, in Washington county, accidentally shot and killed his fourteen-year-old son, Jefferson Dishner. The father climbed a wire fence, and in leaping to the ground the hammer of his gun caught on a wire. A heavy charge of shot struck the boy in the breast. Death resulted two hours later.

John Cousins, 35 years old, was shot and instantly killed in Danville last night by George L. Steilman, a carpenter. The shooting took place at the home of Steilman, and he declares that Cousins had fired at him twice with a pistol and was attempting to enter his home when he killed him. The wife of Steilman was a witness of the killing. After the shooting Steilman surrendered to the police.

THE WIDE TIRE BILL.

If a bill passed by the House yesterday becomes a law, owners of vehicles of 4,000 pounds weight will be compelled, after January 1, 1908, to equip them with four-inch tires before the vehicles may be used on the streets of Washington.

Considerable opposition to the bill, principally on the part of Representative Jones, of Virginia, developed, and led by him, some of the democrats attempted to filibuster. However, they could not marshal enough votes to defeat the measure. Chairman Babcock, of the House District, of Columbia committee, offered a substitute, making the four-inch provision apply to wagons of more than 5,000 pounds burden, and providing that the law should go into effect the first of next year. To this Mr. Hepburn offered an amendment, putting the provision back to 4,000 pounds, as in the original bill.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, objected to the bill, saying that he did not think that the tires of wagons injured pavements so much as water and sun. Mr. Hepburn insisted that the District was being put to continual expense because of the wear on pavements from heavy traffic. Mr. Babcock said that he would cost the District enough to buy new wheels for all the heavy wagons in Washington if the pavements were to be torn up as they have been. Mr. Hepburn said that the opposition to the bill came from the Virginia brick batlers and the coal dealers. Mr. Williams said that most of the opposition that had come to his attention was from mill men.

Mr. Jones, of Virginia, said that it was not the wagons, but defective construction that made the pavements give way. When the bill was pressed to a vote, he showed a disposition to filibuster, demanding a division on yeas and nays on each vote on amendments. The Hepburn amendment making the limit of weight 4,000 pounds carried, 113 to 51, and the bill as amended passed by 137 to 44.

Watch for the transparency of Argo Red Salmon in your grocer's window. Sold at 15 cents a can and no better salmon packed at any price.

Railroad Rates.

Before the State Corporation Commission yesterday in Richmond W. B. Bevil general passenger agent of the Norfolk and Western Railway, was an interesting witness. He declared that the rates of the various roads were not fixed by any one road or set of individuals, but simply grow up with the industrial development of the country. The witness declared that the Norfolk and Western rates were now lower than ever before, and asked to specify, said that the company now had a 2 1/2 rate for 1,000-mile distances; for conventions a rate of 1 to 2 cents; for conventions 2 cents a mile; for country and State fairs 1 cent; for hospitals, asylums and normal schools 2 cents flat.

Replying to the question as to what are in general rate conditions in the whole country, the witness said that the conditions were about what they were in Virginia. He declared that the experience, if tried in Virginia, would cause great loss to the roads. He justified his statement by saying that the density of population in Ohio was far greater than in Virginia, and would enable the railroads in Ohio to still do a profitable business, even at a reduced rate, while the roads in Virginia, according to witness, could draw little additional patronage from the sparsely settled population of this State. He said the people in Ohio were richer than those of Virginia as they got \$15,000,000 annually in pensions, and could do more traveling.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The province of Kediri, Java, Dutch East Indies, is in a state of serious revolution according to dispatches received here today.

Wreaths of carnations, hyacinths and tulips were laid upon the late President McKinley's tomb at Canton, O., today by order of Postmaster General Cortelyou in commemoration of "Carnation Day."

Mrs. McKinley's home was flooded with flowers sent from all parts of the country.

Oyster Bay, the summer home of President Roosevelt, was thrown into a fever of excitement today by the blowing up of a two-story wooden building occupied by Italians. It is known a feud has existed for some time among Italians of the town and the outrage is attributed to a sudden outbreak of the old quarrel.

The fate of the Strauss-Wilde opera Salome, which has created such a sensation in New York, will not be definitely settled until tomorrow. The directors of the Cornhill Company and the owners of the Metropolitan Opera House will meet to decide whether or not the opera shall be continued at the Metropolitan.

The Texas House and Senate had adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to ascertain the source of charges in dispatches to a New York newspaper that Senator Bailey secured his reelection by corruption. The charges are branded by the resolution as false.

Former Governor Higgins, of New York, was reported today as being somewhat weaker. He passed a fairly comfortable night but the physicians expressed the opinion he had lost strength.

There is no article of food more nutritious or healthful than Argo Red Salmon. As a brain and muscle builder, it is far ahead of beef or other meats. It sells at 15 cents a can.

Today's Telegraphic News

The Murder of Dr. Townsend. New York, Jan. 22.—The police theory that John Bell, a street car conductor, murdered Dr. Charles Wilmot Townsend, the prominent Staten Island physician, in revenge for the fanned wound suffered through the death of his wife while being treated by the physician, a year ago, hinges now on the ability of Mrs. Townsend to identify the mild-mannered prisoner as the marked intruder who in the small hours of the night shot Dr. Townsend to death as he lay in bed Saturday morning.

Mrs. Townsend has been too ill from shock to confront the suspect, although the police are holding him in custody on Staten Island until such time as Mrs. Townsend's brother, Dr. Walser, permits the widow of the murdered man to undergo the ordeal. Bell is of slight build and little more than five feet in height. It is said that he had in his possession when arrested a dotted silk handkerchief similar to that worn as a mask by Dr. Townsend's murderer.

It Bell killed the Staten Island physician for revenge, he planned the deed with an attention to dramatic detail that was remarkable.

The record of the S. E. Smith infirmary, where Mrs. Bell died, show that the prisoner's wife was taken there on the evening of January 25, 1906. She was operated upon immediately by Dr. Townsend Mrs. Bell died at four o'clock the following morning.

Between three and four o'clock on the morning of January 26, 1907, a year later, almost to the minute, Dr. Townsend's assistant entered his bed room, ordered the physician to "get up," and then shot him with cold-blooded deliberation.

A letter written by John Bell may be the needed link of evidence to fasten upon the street car conductor the murder of Townsend.

Detectives searching the home of the Belis in Brooklyn, where John Bell was arrested, discovered a letter signed by the prisoner and addressed to his brother Howard, which, apparently throws light on the Staten Island murder mystery. The letter was postmarked Brooklyn under date of January 26, a month the detectives believe the letter was written on Friday. It was as follows:

Dear one, I take the pleasure to write you these few lines. I am glad to hear that this is up to me after eating at a very early time of year I ought to be as full. Howard, ask Grace at the proper time if I will have the inscription put on the headstone before burial. I also see that he has no finger ring on his finger and the picture on my breast, sure. You can say this without hard feelings and if you never said a prayer before, say it now for me and say I am justified in my act and that I may meet her (his) in heaven and that God will be merciful. May God bless you.

If the detectives have gained more information about the letter from Howard Bell, Chief Inspector McLaughlin will not divulge its nature. The theory now is that Bell, if it was he that killed Dr. Townsend, contemplated suicide but changed his mind when he saw a chance to escape.

A raincoat and derby hat similar to those Bell wore when seen on Staten Island, not long before the crime was committed, were found in the Hart street home.

The Thaw Trial.

New York, Jan. 22.—Subpoena servers of the district attorney's office have thrown a dragnet over New York to locate a woman who is said to have known what inspired Harry Thaw to take the life of Architect Stanford White. The missing woman is badly wanted by the prosecution is Mrs. J. J. Caine. Mrs. Caine is a close friend of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw. Efforts to find her have failed. Mrs. Caine knows much of the early relations of Stanford White and the artist model, the first love of Harry Thaw and the flower girl, and the difficulties with the mother that grew out of the association of Evelyn and the young Pittsburgh millionaire. When Mrs. Charles J. Holman, then Mrs. Nesbit, came to this city with little Evelyn, they went to live on west Twenty-second street. Mrs. Caine, a buyer for a Boston millinery house, lived at the same place. The Nesbits were in hard straits and Mrs. Caine helped them. Mrs. Caine knew all the circumstances of the first meeting with Stanford White and later with Harry Thaw. It was to Mrs. Caine that Evelyn unbosomed her soul of her troubles and the cruelties and horrors she had to undergo.

With the completion of the jury the district attorney will make a motion to keep all witnesses for the prosecution and defense from the court room, and today may be the last day that Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the defendant, may sit in court. If it is the intention of the defense to call them, as it is unofficially stated, they will have to be excluded from the trial chamber along with the other witnesses.

Harry Thaw's attorneys told him today that he must not interfere further in the selection of jurors. Late yesterday, Thaw rejected a juror who seemed to be more than acceptable to the defense, and when the young man told his counsel that the prospective juror would not be satisfactory to him, his lawyers plainly showed their resentment. He was told that he must give way to his counsel in the matter of picking out the jurors, where they seemed especially satisfactory to the counsel.

When court adjourned for recess, at one o'clock, eighteen talesmen had been examined in the morning session, and one juror was selected to occupy the tenth seat in the jury box.

Killed in Railroad Accident.

Northampton, Mass., Jan. 22.—Two persons were killed and about 25 persons injured in a railway wreck on the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine at South Deerfield this morning.

Boston, Jan. 22.—The Boston and Maine management announces that five persons were killed in the wreck on the Fitchburg division at South Deerfield.

Twenty Year Battle.

"I was a loser in a twenty-year battle with chronic piles and malignant sores, until I tried Buckle's Arnica Salve. It turned the tide, by curing both, till not a trace remains," writes A. M. Bruce, of Farmville, Va. Best for Old Ulcers, Cuts, Burns and Wounds. 25c at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists.

Tolstoi Dying.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.—Count Leo Tolstoi, the well-known author and social reformer, is dying, according to a report received here from Tula. Count Tolstoi has been ill for some time, and yesterday it was reported his condition was critical.

Try one can of Argo Red Salmon, and you will use no other. All grocers sell it at 15 cents.

Bodies Recovered.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 22.—At 2:45 o'clock this morning the body of Fireman Stephen T. Meehan, one of the members of Company No. 8, buried in the ruins of the Seneca building, was found. It was frozen stiff. The body of William J. Naughton, fireman of engine company No. 8, was taken out at 7 o'clock this morning. It, too, was frozen. One more body, that of fireman John T. Henky, is still under the fallen walls. Comrades of the dead men worked all last night searching the debris for the bodies. Several of the rescuers are working with hands and feet frostbitten and with nothing to eat except the sandwiches and hot coffee furnished by the Salvation Army. Several of the injured firemen who were taken to hospitals are in a serious condition.

The body of Henry was sighted at 11 o'clock and was recovered shortly afterwards.

Result of the German Election.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.—A resort to even more repressive measures by the government, which is certain to bring about a dead-lock between the ruling powers and the Duma as soon as the new parliament meets is predicted as one result of the recent German election, in which a severe blow was dealt the socialist cause. The Russian government feels greatly encouraged over the result of the German election. The czar is convinced that the manifestation of sentiment against the socialists is indicative of a similar feeling among his own subjects. That being the case, the Government will not fear to resort to drastic measures to curb the drama.

Groom Falls Dead as He Drinks Water.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 22.—Thomas B. Dees, was brought to the home near this city yesterday, from the little town of Georgiana, where he dropped dead on Sunday. Sixteen years ago Dees and Miss Hattie Foster were sweethearts, but Dees married another girl and went West. Miss Foster remained in Georgiana. Three weeks ago Dees came back to his old home a widower. Miss Foster, who had been faithful through all the years, was visiting the old place. The two met, and in two weeks were married. They went to Georgiana, and there, on Sunday Dees complained of illness. He lifted a glass of water to his lips, and fell over dead.

A Negro Friend.

Algoma, W. Va., Jan. 22.—An unknown negro today went to the home of James Gibson, here, awake Gibson and his wife, and threatened them with death if they did not open the door. Mrs. Gibson opened the door and the negro entered, knocked her down with the butt of a revolver and kicked her.

When her husband appeared the negro covered him with the revolver and threatened to blow his brains out. The negro assaulted Mrs. Gibson while the husband stood by unable to aid his wife. After the assault the negro left the house and has not been captured, although a posse is searching for him.

Fighting in Venezuela.

Willemstad, Curacao, Jan. 22.—Governor Mata, former Minister of Public Works, of Venezuela, and a number of armed troops were killed in a conflict with armed followers of Vice President Gomez, of Venezuela, on the night of January 27, according to advices received here. Serious trouble is threatened in Caracas, it is stated, as a result of the brawl. Mata and his soldiers surprised a secret political meeting in Gomez's yard. A fight followed with the result stated. Several men on both sides were wounded.

Bret Harte's Daughter in Poor House.

Portland, Me., Jan. 22.—Mrs. Steele, formerly Miss Jessamy H. Harte, daughter of the author, Bret Harte, is now ill, and in the Portland poor house, absolutely destitute. Mrs. Steele gave a series of dramatic readings from her father's works, here, about a year ago. She stayed with various people until they no longer could keep her. She says her husband is somewhere in the west. Mrs. Steele also says she has plenty of money coming to her but that lawyers are withholding it.

The Trial of Dr. Simpson.

New York, Jan. 22.—With five men in the box the task was resumed today at Riverhead, L. I., of completing the jury which will try Dr. James W. Simpson, the former Fifth Avenue dentist, on the charge of murdering his father-in-law, Bartley T. Horner. Little progress was made. Mrs. Simpson and her mother are expected here today. It is believed a jury will be completed by night and the prosecution will open its case, in that event, tomorrow.

New Jersey Snatchings.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 22.—It was planned to have two votes taken in the joint meeting of the legislature, to ballot for United States Senator, this afternoon, but the plan miscarried, and a third ballot was taken, without any election resulting. Then the meeting adjourned to next Tuesday. On the United States Senator John F. Dryden had 33 votes; former Governor John W. Griggs had 6 votes and Supreme Court Justice Pinney had 2 votes.

Unborn Child had Turned to Stone. Suffolk, Va., Jan. 22.—A most remarkable surgical operation, which mystified local physicians, was performed here Sunday, and resulted in the birth of a petrified child. A woman from Gates county, N. C., came here who had been pronounced as suffering from internal tumor, and had been similarly affected for more than three years. The child had turned to stone. Its weight was five and one-half pounds.

Gov. Sweetenham.

London, Jan. 22.—Governor Sweetenham, of Jamaica, has applied for the letter he wrote to Admiral Vais regarding the withdrawal of the United States sailors and marines from Kings following the earthquake. This is the report current here today. By request the withdrawal of his letter and offering an apology Gov. Sweetenham has closed the international phase of the incident.

A Raining Fight.

It is undigested food that causes sourness and painful indigestion. Kodol is a solution of vegetable acids. It digests what you eat, and corrects the deficiencies of digestion. Kodol conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold here by W. F. Creighton & Co., 401 King street.

MARRIED.

At Wheeling, W. Va., January 24, by Rev. W. H. Field, Mr. HARRY C. F. N. of Eids, daughter of Mr. W. H. and Mrs. Julia Traver, of Alexandria, Va.

Fifty-ninth